#### **NURSERY AND RECEPTION**



ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;



Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in



Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.



**KEY** 

Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.



YEAR 1

identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees

identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees

identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals

describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets)



identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense



identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores



observe changes across the four seasons observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies

#### YEAR 2



observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults



find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy

find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)

describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene



explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive



identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other

identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats



describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food

# **PLANTS**







# **ANIMALS INCLUDING HUMANS**





















# YEAR 3



identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers



explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal



explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant

investigate the way in which water is transported within



identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat

identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement

Name and locate certain bones in the body (addition)

# **SEASONAL CHANGE**



### YEAR 6



give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals



identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood

describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans



recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function



Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.



recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things in particular the effect of climate change on the polar regions (addition)





describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird



describe the changes as humans develop to old age





recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment



describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions



recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things



construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey